

## LEADER TIME SRL

### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

**16\*2 Characters COB LCD MODULE**  
**MODEL: LT-1602E-612 Ver:3.0**

< ◇ > Finally Specification

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL	
CUSTOMER :	
SIGNATURE:	DATE:

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- I This specification is subject to change without notice. Please contact LT or it's representative before designing your product based on this specification.

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# 1. FEATURES

The features of LCD are as follows

- \* Display mode : FSTN/Transflective,Positive
- \* Controller IC :ST7066U-0B(English-European)
- \* Display format : 16\*2 Characters
- \* Interface : 4-Bits or8-Bits MPU
- \* Driving Method : 1/16Duty, 1/4Bias
- \* Viewing Direction : 6 O'clock
- \* Backlight : LED White (Side)
- \* Sample NO : EC1602D9FSW6B\_3.0/20100511

# 2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit
Module Size	122(H) x 44(V) x 13.3Max(D)	mm
View display area	99 (H) x25(V)	mm
Activity Display Area	94.84(H) x 20(V)	mm
Character Font	5x7Dots + Cursor	-
Character Size	4.84(H) x9.66(V)	mm
Character Pitch	6(H) x 10.34(V)	mm
Dots Size	0.92(H) x1.10(V)	mm

# 3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## 3-1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25 °C)

Item	Symbol	Standard Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Supply Voltage For Logic	V <sub>DD</sub> – V <sub>SS</sub>	-0.3	-	7.0	V
Supply Voltage For LCD Drive	V <sub>LCD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> -10	-	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Input Voltage	V <sub>in</sub>	-0.3	-	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Operating Temp.	T <sub>op</sub>	-20	-	+70	°C
Storage Temp.	T <sub>st</sub>	-30	-	+80	°C

\*. NOTE: The response time will be extremely slow when the operating temperature is around -10°C, and the back ground will become darker at high temperature operating.

### 3-2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item		Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Logic supply Voltage		$V_{DD} - V_{SS}$	$T_a = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{DD}=5V \pm 10\%$ $V_{DD} = 5V$	4.5	5	5.5	V
LCD Drive Voltage		$V_{LCD}$		-	4.5	-	V
Input Voltage	"H" Level	$V_{IH}$		$0.7 V_{DD}$	-	$V_{DD}$	V
	"L" Level	$V_{IL}$		-0.3	-	0.6	V
Frame Frequency		$f_{FLM}$		-	84.7	-	Hz
Current Consumption		$I_{DD}$		-	1.62	-	mA

### 3-3. BACKLIGHT

#### 3-3-1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Condition	min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward Current	IF	$T_a = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	45	60	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR		-	-	5	V
Power Dissipation	PD		-	-	270	mW

#### 3-3-2. Electrical-optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	min		Typ		Max		Unit
Forward Voltage	VF	$I_f=45\text{mA}$ $T_a = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-		4.5		-		V
Average Luminous Intensity	$I_v$		-		120		-		cd/m <sup>2</sup>
Colour Coordinates	-		X	Y	X	Y	X	Y	-
			0.25	0.25	0.29	0.29	0.33	0.33	

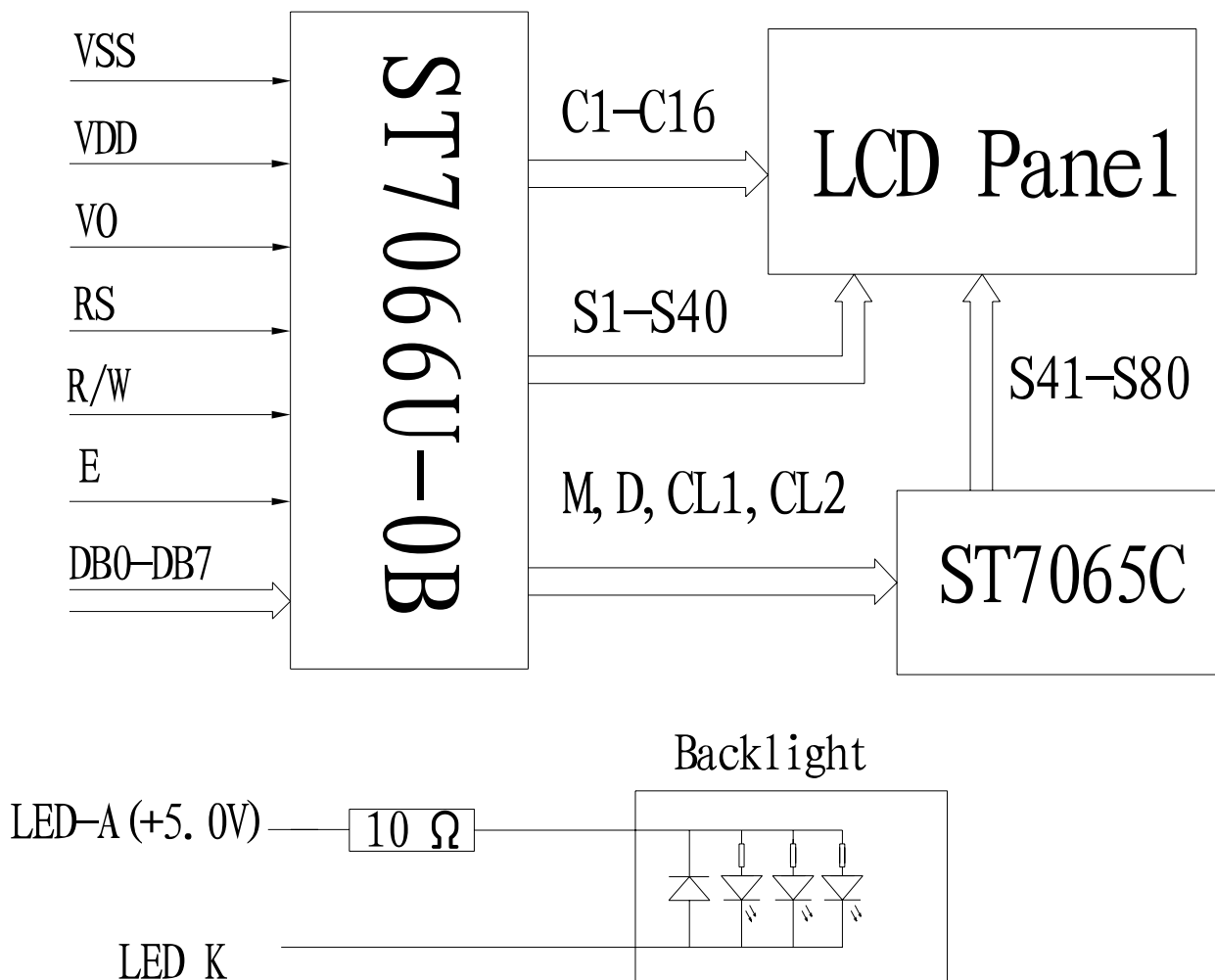
The brightness is measured without LCD panel

## 4.TERMINAL FUNCTIONS AND BLOCK DIAGRAM

### 4-1. INTERFACE PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	FUNCIONS
1	LED_K	Backlight (+5.0V)
2	LED_A	Backlight (-)
3	VSS	Ground
4	VDD	Supply voltage for logical circuit
5	V0	Supply voltage for LCD driving
6	RS	Select register signal
7	R/W	Select read or write signal
8	E	Read/Write enable signal.
9-16	DB0-DB7	Data Bus

### 4-2. BLOCK DIAGRAM



## 5. TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

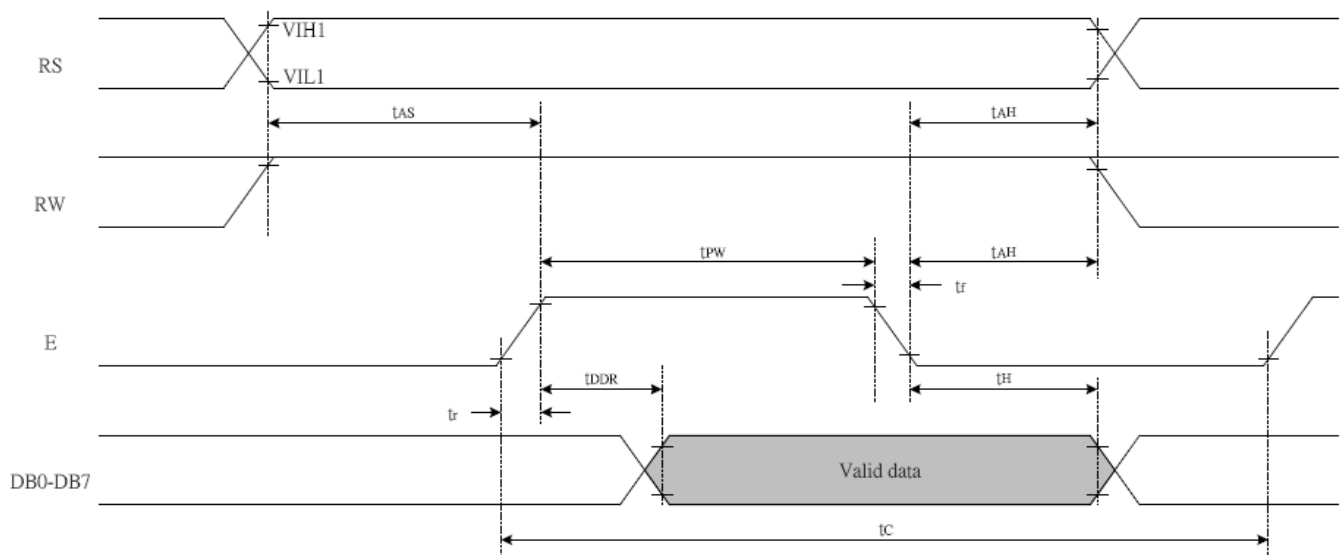
### 5-1 Write mode

$T_C$	Enable Cycle Time	Pin E	1200	-	-	ns
$T_{PW}$	Enable Pulse Width	Pin E	140	-	-	ns
$T_R, T_F$	Enable Rise/Fall Time	Pin E	-	-	25	ns
$T_{AS}$	Address Setup Time	Pins: RS,RW,E	0	-	-	ns
$T_{AH}$	Address Hold Time	Pins: RS,RW,E	10	-	-	ns
$T_{DDR}$	Data Setup Time	Pins: DB0 - DB7	-	-	100	ns
$T_H$	Data Hold Time	Pins: DB0 - DB7	10	-	-	ns

### 5-2 Read mode

$T_C$	Enable Cycle Time	Pin E	1200	-	-	ns
$T_{PW}$	Enable Pulse Width	Pin E	140	-	-	ns
$T_R, T_F$	Enable Rise/Fall Time	Pin E	-	-	25	ns
$T_{AS}$	Address Setup Time	Pins: RS,RW,E	0	-	-	ns
$T_{AH}$	Address Hold Time	Pins: RS,RW,E	10	-	-	ns
$T_{DDR}$	Data Setup Time	Pins: DB0 - DB7	-	-	100	ns
$T_H$	Data Hold Time	Pins: DB0 - DB7	10	-	-	ns

### 5-3 Read mode timing diagram



The diagram illustrates the timing relationships between the RS, RW, E, and DB0-DB7 signals. Key timing parameters are defined as follows:

- $t_{AS}$ : Address setup time before the first data transfer.
- $t_{AH}$ : Address hold time after the first data transfer.
- $t_{PW}$ : Pulse width of the first data transfer.
- $t_r$ : Rise time of the first data transfer.
- $t_{DDR}$ : Data delay time from the start of the first data transfer to the start of the second data transfer.
- $t_H$ : Data hold time after the second data transfer.
- $t_C$ : Total cycle time from the start of the first data transfer to the end of the second data transfer.

The timing diagram illustrates the relationship between four signals:  $CL1$ ,  $CL2$ ,  $D$ , and  $M$ . The signals are shown as digital waveforms. Key timing parameters are indicated by arrows and labels:

- $t_{CST}$ : Setup time for  $CL2$  relative to  $CL1$ .
- $t_{CWL}$ : Hold time for  $CL2$  relative to  $CL1$ .
- $t_{DHF}$ : Hold time for  $D$  relative to  $M$ .
- $t_{SU}$ : Setup time for  $D$  relative to  $M$ .
- $t_{DM}$ : Delay from  $M$  to  $D$ .
- $t_{et}$ : Enable time for  $CL1$  relative to  $M$ .
- $t_{WH}$ : Width of the high pulse for  $CL1$ .
- $t_{WL}$ : Width of the low pulse for  $CL1$ .
- $VOH2$  and  $VOL2$ : Output high and low voltage levels for  $CL1$ .



## 6. COMMAND LIST

6-1 Instruction table

Instruction	Instruction Code										Description	Description Time (270KHz)
	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Write "20H" to DDRAM. and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC	1.52 ms
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	x	Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed.	1.52 ms
Entry Mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	S	Sets cursor move direction and specifies display shift. These operations are performed during data write and read.	37 us
Display ON/OFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	C	B	D=1:entire display on C=1:cursor on B=1:cursor position on	37 us
Cursor or Display Shift	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	x	x	Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing DDRAM data.	37 us
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	x	x	DL:interface data is 8/4 bits N:number of line is 2/1 F:font size is 5x11/5x8	37 us
Set CGRAM address	0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set CGRAM address in address counter	37 us
Set DDRAM address	0	0	1	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set DDRAM address in address counter	37 us
Read Busy flag and address	0	1	BF	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Whether during internal operation or not can be known by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read.	0 us
Write data to RAM	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM)	37 us
Read data from RAM	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM)	37 us

**Note:**

Be sure the ST7066U is not in the busy state (BF = 0) before sending an instruction from the MPU to the ST7066U. If an instruction is sent without checking the busy flag, the time between the first instruction and next instruction will take much longer than the instruction time itself. Refer to Instruction Table for the list of each instruction execution time.

## 7.CHARACTER GENERATOR ROM

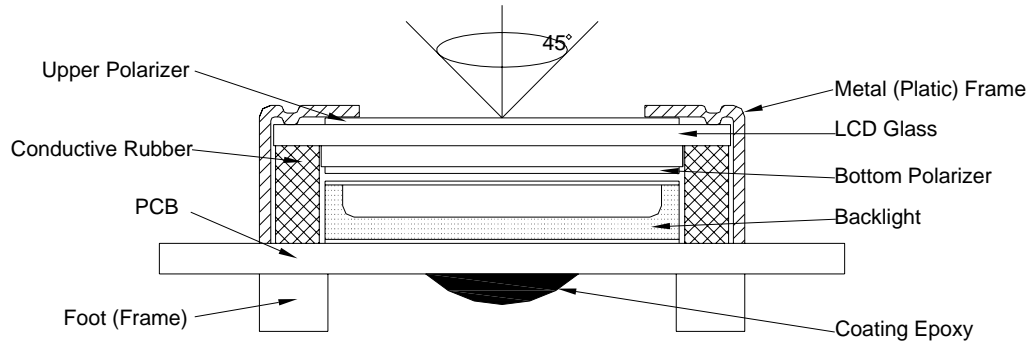
NO.7066-0B

b7-b4 b3-b0		0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
0000	CG RAM (1)	±		0	θ	P	°	F	G	E	A		Γ	R	B	T	
0001	(2)	≡	!	1	A	Q	a	9	Q	×	i		J	†	y	U	
0010	(3)	7	"	2	B	R	b	r	e	E	δ	°	o	S	8	X	
0011	(4)	Δ	#	3	C	S	c	s	A	8	Q		P	η	e	φ	
0100	(5)	/	*	4	D	T	d	t	A	8	Q		4	7	Z	o	
0101	(6)	()	%	5	E	U	e	u	A	8	E	b	↑	Δ	n	7	
0110	(7)		&	6	F	V	f	v	A	Q	*	W	↓	θ	θ	≡	
0111	(8)	J	'	7	G	W	g	w	S	Q	R	×	+	Δ	L	≡	
1000	(1)	()	(	8	H	X	h	x	e	Q	*	÷	÷	E	K	R	
1001	(2)	()	)	9	I	Y	i	y	e	Q	i	Σ	Γ	Π	Λ	≡	
1010	(3)	*	*	:	J	Z	j	z	e	Q	8	Σ	7	Σ	μ	F	
1011	(4)	J	+	:	K	C	k	c	i	R	8	*	L	7	U	≡	
1100	(5)	=	,	<	L	\	l	l	i	R	8	*	J	8	Z	Q	
1101	(6)	o	-	=	M	I	m	I	i	8	8	*	•	ψ	π	≡	
1110	(7)	2	.	>	N	^	n	^	A	Q	8	7	Q	Q	p	Q	
1111	(8)	3	/	?	O	_	o	Δ	A	Q	o	7	Q	o	o	Q	

## 8. QUALITY SPECIFICATIONS

### 8 - 1. LCM Appearance and Electric inspection Condition

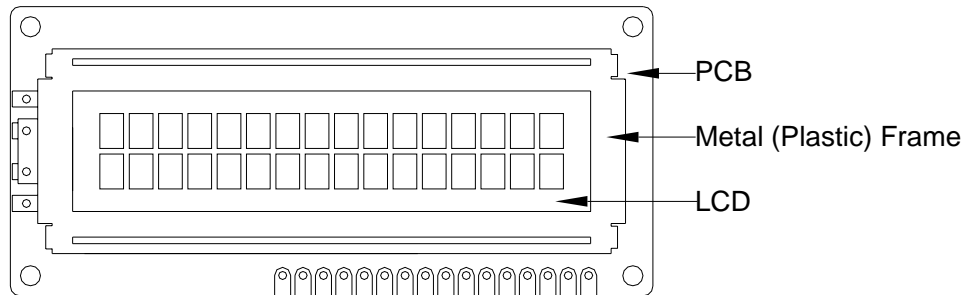
1. Inspection will be done by placing LCM 30cm away from inspector's eyeballs under normal illumination.



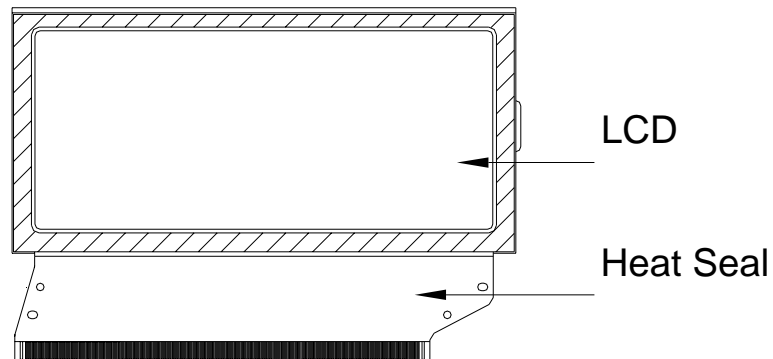
2. View Angle: with in 45° around perpendicular line.

### 8- 2. Definition

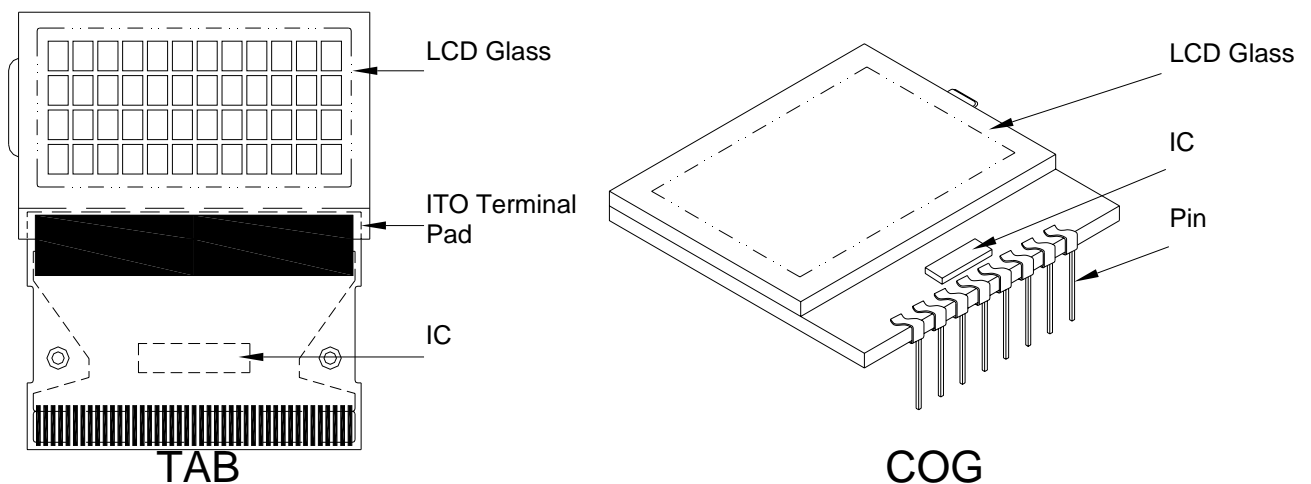
#### 1. COB



#### 2. Heat Seal



#### 3. TAB and C



### 8-3. Sampling Plan and Acceptance

#### 1. Sampling Plan

MIL - STD - 105E ( || ) ordinary single inspection is used.

#### 2. Acceptance

Major defect: AQL = 0.25%

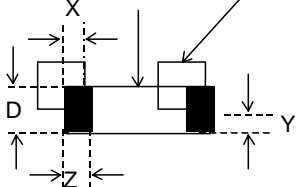
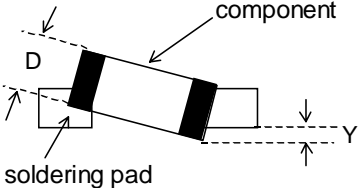
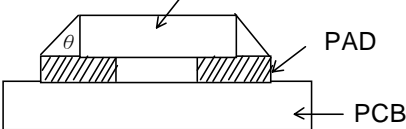
Minor defect: AQL = 0.65%

### 8-4. Criteria

#### 1. COB

Defect	Inspection Item	Inspection Standards	
Major	PCB copper flakes peeling off	Any copper flake in viewing Area should be greater than $1.0\text{mm}^2$	Reject
Major	Height of coating epoxy	Exceed the dimension of drawing	Reject
Major	Void or hole of coating epoxy	Expose bonding wire or IC	Reject
Major	PCB cutting defect	Exceed the dimension of drawing	Reject

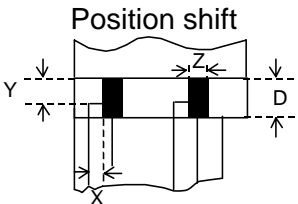
#### 2. SMT

Defect	Inspection Item	Inspection Standards	
Minor	Component marking not readable		Reject
Minor	Component height	Exceed the dimension Of drawing	Reject
Major	Component solder defect (missing , extra, wrong component or wrong orientation)		Reject
Minor	<p>Component position shift</p> 	$X < 3/4Z$ $Y > 1/3D$	Reject Reject
Minor	<p>Component tilt</p> 	$Y > 1/3D$	Reject
Minor	<p>Insufficient solder</p> 	$\theta \leq 20^\circ$	Reject

### 3. Metal (Plastic) Frame

Defect	Inspection Item	Inspection Standards		
Major	Crack / breakage	Anywhere		Reject
Minor	Frame Scratch	W	L	Acceptable of Scratch
		$w < 0.1\text{mm}$	Any	Ignore
		$0.1 \leq w < 0.2\text{mm}$	$L \leq 5.0\text{mm}$	2
		$0.2 \leq w < 0.3\text{mm}$	$L \leq 3.0\text{mm}$	1
		$w \geq 0.3\text{mm}$	Any	0
		Note : 1. Above criteria applicable to scratch lines with distance greater than 5mm. 2. Scratch on the back side of frame (not visible) can be ignored .		
Minor	Frame Dent , Prick $\Phi = \frac{L + W}{2}$			Acceptable of Dents / Pricks
		$\Phi \leq 1.0\text{mm}$		2
		$1.0 < \Phi \leq 1.5\text{mm}$		1
		$1.5\text{mm} < \Phi$		0
		Note : 1. Above criteria applicable to any two dents / pricks with distance greater than 5mm 2. Dent / prick on the back side of frame (not visible) can be ignored		
Minor	Frame Deformation	Exceed the dimension of drawing		
Minor	Metal Frame Oxidation	Any rust		

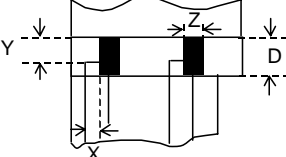
### 4. Flexible Film Connector (FFC)

Defect	Inspection Item	Inspection Standards	
Minor	Tilted soldering	Within the angle $+5^\circ$	Acceptable
Minor	Uneven solder joint /bump		Reject
Minor	Hole $\Phi = \frac{L + W}{2}$	Expose the conductive line	Reject
		$\Phi > 1.0\text{mm}$	Reject
Minor		$Y > 1/3D$	Reject
		$X > 1/2Z$	Reject

## 5. Screw

Defect	Inspection Item	Inspection Standards	
Major	Screw missing/loosen		Reject
Minor	Screw oxidation	Any rust	Reject
Minor	Screw deformation	Difficult to accept screw driver	Reject

## 6. Heatseal 、TCP 、FPC

Defect	Inspection Item	Inspection Standards	
Major	Scratch expose conductive layer		Reject
Minor	HS Hole $\Phi = \frac{L+W}{2}$	$\Phi > 0.5\text{mm}$	Reject
Major	Adhesion strength	Less than the specification	Reject
Minor	Position shift 	$Y > 1/3D$	Reject
		$X > 1/2Z$	Reject
Major	Conductive line break		Reject

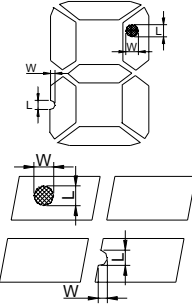
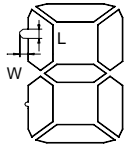
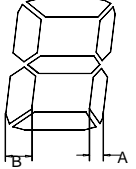
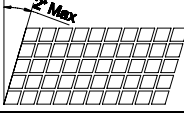
## 7. LED Backing Protective Film and Others

Defect	Inspection Item	Inspection Standards	
Minor	LED dirty, prick	Acceptable number of units	
		$\Phi \leq 0.10\text{mm}$	Ignore
		$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.15\text{mm}$	2
		$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.2\text{mm}$	1
		$\Phi > 0.2\text{mm}$	0
		The distance between any two spots should be $\geq 5\text{mm}$ Any spot/dot/void outside of viewing area is acceptable	
Minor	Protective film tilt	Not fully cover LCD	Reject
Major	COG coating	Not fully cover ITO circuit	Reject

## 8. Electric Inspection

Defect	Inspection Item	Inspection Standards	
Major	Short		Reject
Major	Open		Reject

# 9. Inspection Specification of LCD

Defect	Inspect Item		Inspection Standards			
Minor	Linear Defect	* Glass Scratch * Polarizer Scratch * Fiber and Linear material	W	$W \leq 0.03$	$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$	$W > 0.05$
			L	$L < 5$	$L < 3$	Any
			ACC. NO.	1	1	Reject
			Note	L is the length and W is the width of the defect		
Minor	Black Spot and Polarizer Pricked	* Foreign material between glass and polarizer or glass and glass * Polarizer hole or protuberance by external force	$\Phi$	$\Phi \leq 0.1$	$0.1 < \Phi \leq 0.15$	$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.2$
			ACC. NO.	3EA / 100mm <sup>2</sup>	2	1
			Note	$\Phi$ is the average diameter of the defect. Distance between two defects > 10mm.		
Minor	White Spot and Bubble in polarizer	* Unobvious transparent foreign material between glass and glass or glass and polarizer * Air protuberance between polarizer and glass	$\Phi$	$\Phi \leq 0.3$	$0.3 < \Phi \leq 0.5$	$0.5 < \Phi$
			ACC. NO.	3EA / 100mm <sup>2</sup>	1	0
			Note	$\Phi$ is the average diameter of the defect. Distance between two defects > 10mm.		
Minor	Segment Defect		$\Phi$	$\Phi \leq 0.10$	$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.20$	$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$
			ACC. NO.	3EA / 100mm <sup>2</sup>	2	1
			Note	W is more than 1/2 segment width		Reject
				$\Phi = \frac{L + W}{2}$ Distance between two defect is 10mm		
Minor	Protuberant Segment	 $\Phi = (L + W) / 2$	$\Phi$	$\Phi \leq 0.10$	$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.20$	$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$
			W	Glue	$W \leq 1/2$ Seg $W < 0.2$	$W \leq 1/2$ Seg $W < 0.2$
			ACC. NO.	3EA / 100mm <sup>2</sup>	2	1
						0
Minor	Assembly Mis-alignment	 	1. Segment			
			B	$B \leq 0.4\text{mm}$	$0.4 < B \leq 1.0\text{mm}$	$B > 1.0\text{mm}$
			B-A	$B-A < 1/2B$	$B-A < 0.2$	$B-A < 0.25$
			Judge	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable
Minor	Stain on LCD Panel Surface		2. Dot Matrix			
			Deformation > 2°			
Minor	Stain on LCD Panel Surface		Accept when stains can be wiped lightly with a soft cloth or a similar one. Otherwise, judged according to the above items: "Black spot" and "White Spot"			

## 9. RELIABILITY

NO.	Item	Condition	Criterion
1	High Temperature Operating	70°C , 96Hrs	No defect in cosmetic and operational function allowable.
2	Low Temperature Operating	-20°C , 96Hrs	
3	High Humidity	60°C , 90%RH, 96Hrs	
4	High Temperature Storage	80°C , 96Hrs	
5	Low Temperature Storage	-30°C , 96Hrs	
6	Vibration	Random wave 10 ~ 100Hz Acceleration: 2g 2 Hrs per direction(X,Y,Z)	Total current Consumption should be below double of initial value.
7	Thermal Shock	-20°C to 25°C to 70°C (60Min) (5Min) (60Min) 16Cycles	
8	ESD Testing	Contract Discharge Voltage: +1 ~ 5kV and -1 ~ -5kV	There will be discharged ten times at every discharging voltage cycle. The voltage gap is 1kV.
		Air Discharge Voltage: +1 ~ 8kV and -1 ~ -8kV	

Note: 1) Above conditions are suitable for our company standard products.

2) For restrict products, the test conditions listed as above must be revised.



## 10. HANDLING PRECAUTION

### (1) Mounting Method

The panel of the LCD Module consists of two thin glass plates with polarizers which easily get damaged since the Module is fixed by utilizing fitting holes in the printed circuit board.

Extreme care should be taken when handling the LCD Modules.

### (2) Caution of LCD handling & cleaning

When cleaning the display surface, use soft cloth with solvent (recommended below) and wipe lightly.

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol
- Trichloro triflurothane

Do not wipe the display surface with dry or hard materials that will damage the polarizer surface.

Do not use the following solvent:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatics

### (3) Caution against static charge

The LCD Module use C-MOS LSI drivers, so we recommend that you connect any unused input terminal to VDD or VSS, do not input any signals before power is turned on. And ground your body, Work/assembly table. And assembly equipment to protect against static electricity.

### (4) Packaging

- Modules use LCD elements, and must be treated as such. Avoid intense shock and falls from a height.
- To prevent modules from degradation. Do not operate or store them exposed directly to sunshine or high temperature/humidity.

### (5) Caution for operation

- It is indispensable to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage than the limit shorten LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD deterioration, Avoid the use of direct current drive.
- Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's. Which will come back in the specified operating temperature range.
- If the display area is pushed hard during operation, some font will be abnormally displayed but it resumes normal condition after turning off once.
- A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit.

Usage under the relative condition of 40°C, 50%RH or less is reequired.

### (6) Storage

In the case of storing for a long period of time (for instance.) For years) for the purpose or replacement use, The following ways are recommended.

- Storage in a polyethylene bag with sealed so as not to enter fresh air outside in it, And with no desiccant.
- Placing in a dark place where neither exposure to direct sunlight nor light is. Keeping temperature in the specified storage temperature range.
- Storing with no touch on polarizer surface by the anything else. (It is recommended to store them as they have been contained in the inner container at the time of delivery)

### (7) Safety

- It is recommendable to crash damaged or unnecessary LCD into pieces and wash off liquid crystal by using solvents such as acetone and ethanol. Which should be burned up later.
- When any liquid crystal leaked out of a damaged glass cell comes in contact with your hands, please wash it off well with soap and water.

## 11. OUTLINE DIMENSION

